

FRANCO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE IN EAST.

It is Understood to be as Operative In the Orient as it is in Europe Itself.

ANGLO-JAPANESE ENTENTE.

Also an Important Factor and Operates As a Counterbalance to the Other Combine.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The foreign office has been advised that the Russian foreign minister, Count Lamsdorff, has revised his plans, and that he now expects to arrive in Paris tomorrow and remain here until Saturday, conferring fully with Foreign Minister Delcasse on questions relating to the east and far east. Much importance is being attached by the officials here to the meeting. They connect it with the attitude of the powers in the Balkan question, and with the strained relations between Russia and Japan.

While the officials will not discuss the exact nature of the conference, they say it will doubtless cover all the phases of the Franco-Russian relations. During the present strained relations between Japan and Russia, the understanding has prevailed here that the Franco-Russian alliance has the same operation in the far east as in Europe, but the extent of French sympathy in support of Russia would depend on who was the aggressor.

An American official conversant with the French policy pointed out today that the Franco-Russian alliance and the British-Japanese alliance operate strongly to prevent an outbreak of hostilities between Japan and Russia. Each agreement contemplates support when the ally is attacked. Therefore Russia and Japan defer taking action, not wishing, by being the aggressor, to sacrifice the benefit of its alliance. It is expected that these and other features of the Franco-Russian co-operation will be gone over at the conference to be held during the next few days.

Like other cities in the far east, Pekin is perplexed by the reports from various points of events portending a Russo-Japanese war. Most of these reports on investigation prove to be unfounded. The opinion prevails here that Russia proposes to hold all she has gained in Manchuria and refrain from the present from further advance into Korea. It is also believed that Russia is convinced that no nation except Japan thinks of contesting her position, and having assembled a fleet and army which she considers strong enough to repel any Japanese attack, she is awaiting developments in Japan's policy.

A majority of the Russian ships have left Port Arthur since the maneuvers for an unknown destination, but it is supposed that some of them are cruising on the shores of Korea, watching the Japanese fleet and other ships. The Japanese ships whose presence at Man-San-Po caused the report that Japan had occupied that port have sailed, probably in the direction of Sasebo, Japan.

The Russian minister at Seoul, Korea, has recognized the illegality of the action of the Russian authorities in preventing the landing of Japanese troops. He also reported that the result of the elder statesman conference on Saturday last was to confirm Japan's intention to press Russia for a definite conclusion of the negotiations. The Korean government and for several years past a resident of Washington.

The ceremony was private, the only witnesses being Thomas M. Norwood of Chicago, who accompanied Senator Stewart, and Clark Howell and State Treasurer R. E. Park.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. S. Bradley, ex-Senator Norwood acting as best man. The bride and groom will leave tomorrow at noon for Washington.

The Japanese government pursues its negotiations in strict accordance with the spirit of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, which aims at the preservation of peace and stability in the Orient. It is only fair to presume that Russia is actuated by the same peaceful spirit in which the dual alliance is extended in the far east. I therefore fail to see why the present negotiations should not lead to mutually satisfactory results. In any case nothing in the present situation warrants any alarm.

Special dispatch from St. Petersburg represent a growing ill-feeling in Russia against both England and the United States, in consequence of the supposed sympathy of these countries for Japan. This feeling finds expression in the Novoe Vremya, which, in commenting on the decision of the Alaska boundary tribunal, says it hopes that Canada will never sever the ties connecting it with Great Britain.

The Oya Vriktia maintains a bellicose attitude, expressing the opinion that neither Great Britain nor the United States will interfere, and that Russia is better prepared for war. This paper urges that Japan had better be crushed without delay.

The crisis apparently has been de-

LOTS MORE LIKE IT.

Plenty More Proof Like This, and All From Salt Lake City People.

No chance for argument here. No better proof can be had. What a Salt Lake City man says. In the best of evidence for Salt Lake City people.

Read this case. We have lots more like it. Mrs. Robert C. Kirkwood, R. C. Kirkwood, engineer on the Oregon Short Line, R. R., residence 124 West Fourth South, says: "An advertisement in a Salt Lake City paper about Don's Kidney Pills so impressed me that I asked Mr. Kirkwood to call at the F. J. Hill Drug Co. store for a box, because I wanted to try the preparation to see if it would act as other medicines had acted in the past or perform what it promised. After an attack of the grip my kidneys were weakened and easily affected. The pain centered in the small of the back and was particularly severe, rendering stooping or the act of lifting anything but pleasant. My physician told me it was kidney trouble so that I had not the slightest doubt but that a remedy for the kidneys, if a remedy at all, should have some effect upon those organs. Don's Kidney Pills certainly did not disappoint me. I was only too pleased to recommend the medicine when opportunities present themselves."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Don's—and take no substitutes.

MOTHER AND CHILD

Scott's Emulsion is cod liver oil made almost as palatable as milk. It is easy and soothing to the weak stomach; it checks the tendencies of children toward thinness.

Scott's Emulsion gives strength to weak mothers because it creates healthy flesh and new blood.

Nursing mothers will find a special value in Scott's Emulsion because it insures a flow of rich, nourishing milk for the baby. More and better than a medicine; Scott's Emulsion is a food.

We'll send you a sample free upon request. SCOTT'S BROWN & Co. Pearl Street, New York.

laid, telegraphed the Chefoo correspondent of the Morning Post, Russia, in the meanwhile, is strongly augmenting her fleet in these waters and concentrating troops in the vicinity of the Yalu river. She holds all the available river frontage at Yonampoh and dominates the Shaho passage. The emperor of Korea, the correspondent concludes, is in favor of Russia.

A. B. THOMPSON INDICTED.

Receiver of Land Office at La Grande, Or., Charged with Bribery

Portland, Ore., Oct. 26.—The United States grand jury today returned an indictment against Asa B. Thompson, receiver of the land office at La Grande, Or. The indictment charges Thompson with soliciting money to influence his official decision for approval of homestead applications which had been held up for insufficiency of proof.

There are three counts in the indictment, and among the witnesses against Thompson is Charles Cunningham, a well known stockman of eastern Oregon. It is alleged that Thompson approached Cunningham and offered to have 10 homestead applications approved in consideration of \$500. The other counts concern the alleged dealing with Asa Robinson to which he is alleged to have offered his services for \$50 in the case of each application.

The interior department has had agents in this state for many months past investigating alleged frauds in the entry of public lands and the indictment of Thompson is the first result of this investigation. Rumors of gigantic frauds against the public land laws have been in circulation for the past year, and it has been stated that the fraudulent entries in the states of California, Oregon, Idaho and Washington within the past three years had exceeded 1,000,000 acres. Much of the land has valuable timber on it, though the tracts of Oregon and Washington are said to be included in the fraudulent entries. It is understood that other indictments will follow.

LOCOMOTIVE EXPLODES.

Kills Two Men and Fatally Injures Two More.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 26.—Two men were killed and two fatally injured by the explosion today of a freight locomotive on the Pennsylvania railroad near Rohrerstown.

The dead: Conductor James Rowman, Fireman Leslie A. Helm. Fatally injured: Engineer Lutz, Brake man Sherman E. Swingle.

SENATOR STEWART MARRIED.

His Bride is Mrs. Agnes Cone of Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 26.—United States Senator William M. Stewart of Nevada was married tonight at 7 o'clock in a private parlor of the Piedmont hotel of Atlanta to Mrs. Mary Agnes Cone, widow of the late Theodore C. Cone of Georgia and for several years past a resident of Washington.

The ceremony was private, the only witnesses being Thomas M. Norwood of Chicago, who accompanied Senator Stewart, and Clark Howell and State Treasurer R. E. Park.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. S. Bradley, ex-Senator Norwood acting as best man. The bride and groom will leave tomorrow at noon for Washington.

Yalu Situation Exaggerated.

Tokyo, Japan, Oct. 26.—The Russian minister at Seoul, Korea, has recognized the illegality of the action of the Russian authorities in preventing the landing of Japanese troops. He also reported that the result of the elder statesman conference on Saturday last was to confirm Japan's intention to press Russia for a definite conclusion of the negotiations. The Korean government and for several years past a resident of Washington.

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Thirty-one of Crew Lost.

Brest, France, Oct. 26.—The French bark Savaoyard has been wrecked near there. Thirty-one of her crew, the captain's wife and four other women were lost.

A Woman Murdered.

Milo, Maine, Oct. 26.—County Atty. Burgh has been notified of the murder of Mrs. Charles Wyman, at Kingsbury, 12 miles from Guilford. The only facts given were the statements that the murder occurred yesterday, and that death evidently was caused by two bullet wounds in the head.

J. D. Stinson Arrested.

New York, Oct. 27.—Joseph D. Stinson, said to be a member of a wealthy family of York, Pa., and formerly attached to the census bureau in Washington, is under arrest here, together with H. B. Gilroy, alleged to be the accomplice of Stinson in attempting to extort \$10,000 from a New York mercantile house. The general manager of the concern, in his complaint, alleged that Stinson threatened to sell secret records of the agency to rival commercial agencies.

Stinson, it is alleged, secured the records while working in the Chicago office of the agency. It is charged that he first made his demands 10 days ago in Chicago, but was sent here, to consult with the head of the organization. Gilroy was arrested at an up-town hotel. The missing records were found in the safe of the hotel and turned over to the police.

Reserves to be Demobilized.

London, Oct. 27.—In a dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, the correspondent of the Times says an order has been issued for the complete demobilization of the Bulgarian reserves, all of whom will return to their homes tomorrow. This apparently marks the end, the correspondent concludes, of the war scare for this year.

TRIED TO PALM OFF A BOGUS HEIR.

Trial of Countess Isabella Westerska Kwielecki, an Aristocratic Pole, Begins in Berlin.

A VAST ESTATE IS INVOLVED.

Two Hundred and Fifty Witnesses, Mostly Peasants, Brought From Posen.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—The trial of Countess Isabella Westerska Kwielecki, belonging to a rich and aristocratic Polish family, on the charge of pretending to have borne a son over six years ago and presenting him as heir to an estate at Wroblew, province of Posen, consisting of 10,000 acres and having a yearly rent roll totaling \$15,000, began here today. Count Kwielecki appears at the trial charged with being an accessory to the crime.

The countess was arrested Jan. 22 of the present year, and the count was taken into custody Aug. 5. One midwife and two women servants were also placed in the box as accessories. The morning train from Posen brought about 250 witnesses, mostly Polish peasants, who made a motley crowd in the courtroom owing to the variegated colors of their dresses and headgear, and the crying babies in the arms of many of them.

Very great interest is manifested in the case here, as the accused countess and count are well known in the higher aristocratic circles of Berlin. She was born in March, 1846, married the count in 1864 and bore him three children, the last in 1879. Then, the count and countess claim, the latter gave birth to the son who is the cause of the recent proceedings. This son is said to have been born Jan. 27, 1887. The prosecution claims that the latter is the son of a peasant girl of Posen, in Austrian Silesia, who is present as a witness and as a claimant for the child.

The session of the court today was wholly occupied with taking pleas of the countess, who is of aristocratic appearance.

She stood erect, holding a tortoise in her right hand and gesticulating with her left while answering questions put to her by the presiding judge. The countess pleaded "not guilty," and sweeping denied all complicity in any criminal act.

But the countess was frequently cornered by the judge. She was unable to give satisfactory explanations of many questions, and some damaging facts were brought out, including the fact that when the countess came to Berlin to await her accouchement she said she did so because she could get better medical attention here, but she did not call in a physician and employed a midwife. The countess, it was also shown by the testimony, intended going abroad for accouchement, and only returned from so doing by representation being made to her that the collateral heirs of the estate would suspect her.

Another point brought out today was that the countess refused to see the family physician when he came from Berlin to attend her, and that she also declined to permit him to see the child's umbilical cord. The trial is expected to last a long time.

Dynamite Wrecks Windows.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Windows in scores of houses were shattered and a part of the Roby race track was wrecked last night by the premature explosion of dynamite, where the Illinois Steel company is filling in ground south of South Chicago. The shock was felt in Hammond, Ind., and in Blue Island.

Three fishermen and three railroad laborers were brought out of the wreckage, and the explosion of dynamite, which was used to level the ground, failed to reveal evidence of their deaths. It was feared that they may not have escaped alive.

Gov. Hoadley's Wife Dead.

New York, Oct. 27.—Mary Perry Hoadley, widow of Judge George Hoadley, who was governor of Ohio, 1883-85, and afterwards senior partner in a New York law firm, is dead at her home in Riverside. She will be buried in Cincinnati.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice-President Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed the testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one-half months, improving steadily in health, and in ten days my monthly child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Yours sincerely, Mrs. L. C. Glover, Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Association. —\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuine cannot be produced.



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HILLS Bros O-YAMA JAPAN TEA



A consumer who pays the highest price for Japan tea will be best suited with O-Yama because it is the best possible Japan tea. It is in every way suited for the table of the wealthy and the connoisseur—clean, fragrant, strong and delicate—an aristocratic tea.

The buyer of the cheapest Japan tea can well afford to pay the slight increase of price for O-Yama, because it is the most economical and cups better than any other Japan tea at any price; better in flavor; more economical.

One Pound will make 250 Cups IN PACKAGES AT GROCERS

(ADVERTISEMENT)

SOME RACY HISTORY. MONEY FREELY USED

Former Chief Justice Zane Says: "I Am Convinced That Money Was Used to Secure Proxies in Instances And Direct Votes in Others."

SHEETS FOR CHIEF THE PROGRAM

Everyone Knows What This Means—"An Open Town," and "Give Our Young Men a Chance" to Absorb Evil, in His Policy.

(From Herald Oct. 26, 1903.)

Former Chief Justice Charles S. Zane, a personal friend of Lincoln, who has voted for every Republican nominee for president since the organization of the party, and who was a Whig before that, yesterday joined the ranks of prominent Republicans who publicly call on all good citizens to prevent party and city being ruled by corruptors.

Here is the list up to date of leading Republicans who have thus expressed themselves in interviews:

Orange J. Salisbury, national commissioner for Utah.

Dean J. B. Edie of St. Mark's cathedral.

William F. James, one of the founders of the Republican party in Utah.

Benjamin X. Smith, former member of the Legislature, member of Governor Wells' staff, and judge-advocate-general of the National Guard of Utah.

Judge Charles S. Zane.

Ex-Congressman George Sutherland declined to talk for publication, but his position on the subject is well understood by his friends.

Judge Zane cast his first vote for the Whig ticket headed by Winfield Scott for president. He lived at Springfield, Ill., where he knew Abraham Lincoln intimately, and when the Republican party was organized he voted for John C. Fremont. Naturally, he voted for his friend, Lincoln, and ever since then he has voted for the Republican presidential nominees. He came to Utah in 1834 as a territorial judge and was elected to the supreme bench immediately after statehood.

The judge stated yesterday his opinion on the present political situation, and he wrote out the following reply:

You have asked for my views touching the coming election. I was not a delegate to the last Republican convention, nor did I attend its sessions. My information as to the methods and means used consists of hearsay. From that I am convinced that money was used to secure proxies in some instances and direct votes in others. Candidates and voters have a right to assume that nominations will be made by the delegates, and if they are secured by the use of money or other improper influences, the voter is not bound to vote for the candidates so nominated. If two or more individuals submit a matter afterwards learns that the other side expected to follow that habit as long as I secured the award by bribing or fraud, he has the right and it would be his duty to disregard the decision and have it set aside. So if nominations are secured by the purchase of proxies or delegates, nobody is under the slightest obligation to vote for such candidates.

The reputations of men who use such means should be branded with disgrace, dishonor and infamy and be honored by all men. Their policy the foundation of self-government by corrupting the motives of the voters by their unscrupulous and corrupt means.

Since the late Civil war the scales have been in my habit at municipal or other local elections, when I found the name of a candidate on my ticket who I was satisfied was unfit for the office, and a candidate on the other ticket who I believed, was better suited for the office, to vote for the latter, and I

expect to follow that habit as long as I shall continue to vote. I do not think there is enough independent voting."

(C. S. ZANE.)

The revolt of so many Republicans of standing against the machine and its methods has filled the white slaves with alarm. More money is to be poured into the campaign, and an attempt made to overcome the widespread sentiment against the machine by the free use of cash.

(From the Deseret News, Oct. 14, 1903.)

Probably the most lamentable thing ever seen in Utah politics was witnessed in many places in this city today when delegates were being offered large sums of money for their proxies in tomorrow's (Republican) convention. These figures ran as high as \$50, according to report, and rarely dropped below \$10. Whether money was furnished by a proxy is an interesting question. When a proxy is presented in the convention some lively interrogations are prompted. The man who holds it will probably have to be pretty explicit as to where he got his authority when it comes to the matter of voting, if he is not a regular delegate.

(From Deseret News, Oct. 16, 1903.)

After all, the ambition of Detective George Sheets may be gratified. In the event of the election of Frank Knox (Republican ticket) as mayor of this city Mr. Sheets, it is distinctly understood, is to be appointed chief of police, the position from which he was elected by the Supreme Court several months ago. It is a place to which he has long aspired and in the attempt to attain thereto has traveled some rocky roads. But he is a good driver, an expert rider and a tenacious fighter and may reach his destination in safety. And to that end he is receiving the congratulations of many friends. He was a member of yesterday's convention, and has a place on the central campaign committee of his party and he will roll up more votes for it on election day than any one of his confederates can be named.

(Herald, Oct. 21, 1903.)

WHAT SALISBURY SAYS.

Orange J. Salisbury, Republican national commissioner for Utah and for many years one of the Republican wheelhorses in the territory and state, declared yesterday that the machine-Bruce Johnson city ticket does not represent the Republican sentiment.

"I am as good a Republican as any man in the state," said he, "but this ticket does not represent the real Republican party. It represents a combination between a certain man and all the elements that can be purchased by corrupt methods. In carrying out their campaign they did not consider the interests of the city. It was not a party question with them at all. They carried the primaries by going out and buying everything they could. They are attempting to carry the same corrupt methods into the campaign for election. I am willing to go on record as saying that I am utterly opposed to such machine methods. They should be rebuked."

The delegates to the Republican convention from our district included some of the best and leading citizens of Utah, a former congressman of the United States among them. And yet the same name, the same voice, the same face, the same character, the same elements that can be purchased by corrupt methods, in carrying out their campaign they did not consider the interests of the city. It was not a party question with them at all. They carried the primaries by going out and buying everything they could. They are attempting to carry the same corrupt methods into the campaign for election. I am willing to go on record as saying that I am utterly opposed to such machine methods. They should be rebuked."

Mr. Salisbury has expressed his views even more forcibly in private. So have a number of other men who have long been prominent in the Republican party. They take the ground that in this campaign the best interests of the city demand the punishment of the ring that is seeking to rule with high hand, regardless of the rights or wishes of the other, seeking to carry all points by the brute force of dollars, and threatening to permeate the whole municipality and state with corruption. In the fifth precinct, especially, they deplored the idea of taking orders politically from Bruce Johnson, colored proprietor of a Commercial street restaurant. Bruce has been recognized by the machine as the boss of the Fifty-first and Fifty-second districts, where he has as "white slaves" the workers at that ballfield. If the machine wins, Bruce is to be promoted and the numbers of his white slaves increased.

A leading Republican who would not allow the use of his name said yesterday:

"Civic patriotism should be the issue of this campaign. It is not a question of party. The ticket labelled as 'Republican' really stands for ring rule and corruption in politics. The ticket labelled 'Democratic' stands for progress, temperance by wisdom, for a business administration of city affairs and for honesty. As between honesty and dishonesty—a plain moral issue—the honest voter should have no hesitancy in deciding."

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